

Message

---

**From:** Payton, Richard [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=B05F3A57A2C24A16AF33518E56451BF7-PAYTON, RICHARD]  
**Sent:** 4/1/2014 2:03:05 PM  
**To:** Kathy Strabala [kathys@ssec.wisc.edu]; Brad Pierce - NOAA Federal [Brad.Pierce@noaa.gov]; Rebecca Cintineo [rebecca.cintineo@ssec.wisc.edu]; James E. Davies [jim.davies@ssec.wisc.edu]; Liam Gumley [liam.gumley@ssec.wisc.edu]; Allen Huang [allen.huang@ssec.wisc.edu]  
**CC:** Reddy - CDPHE, Patrick [patrick.reddy@state.co.us]; Tonnesen, Gail [Tonnesen.Gail@epa.gov]; Matichuk, Rebecca [Matichuk.Rebecca@epa.gov]  
**Subject:** FW: Front Range stratospheric intrusion Sunday night, and IDEA-I trajectory heights

I am only able to comment on the web version of IDEA-I for stratospheric intrusion.

Pat Reddy of CDPHE suggested the potential for an intrusion based on the meteorology in Colorado on Sunday, March 30. We saw highest ozone at Rocky Mountain National Park with 8-hour ozone of 62 ppb Sunday afternoon. While we didn't have any good trajectories to work with from the web version of IDEA-I, I got to thinking about the color scheme, which has trajectories going from white to red at about 760 mb. The Rocky Mountain National Park monitor is at 9,007 feet, or, depending on your standard atmosphere definition, about 720 mb. The other monitor we have seen most frequently impacted by stratospheric intrusions, South Pass, in Fremont County, Wyoming, is at 8,291 feet, or just about 750 or 760 mb. For conditions like we had Sunday afternoon in Denver, with westerly downslope winds, we might get more transport down the east face of the Colorado front range mountains into Denver than the trajectory model predicts. Bottom line, the white trajectories can impact our high elevation monitors, and with westerlies with frontal passages, downslope winds may transport those white trajectories to our lower elevation (relatively, say, 800 mb) Denver level monitors. More height resolution (more colors) on trajectory height between 700 and 800 mb would be a nice refinement to catch impacts at our high elevation monitors, although I don't expect trajectory models to handle our terrain well.

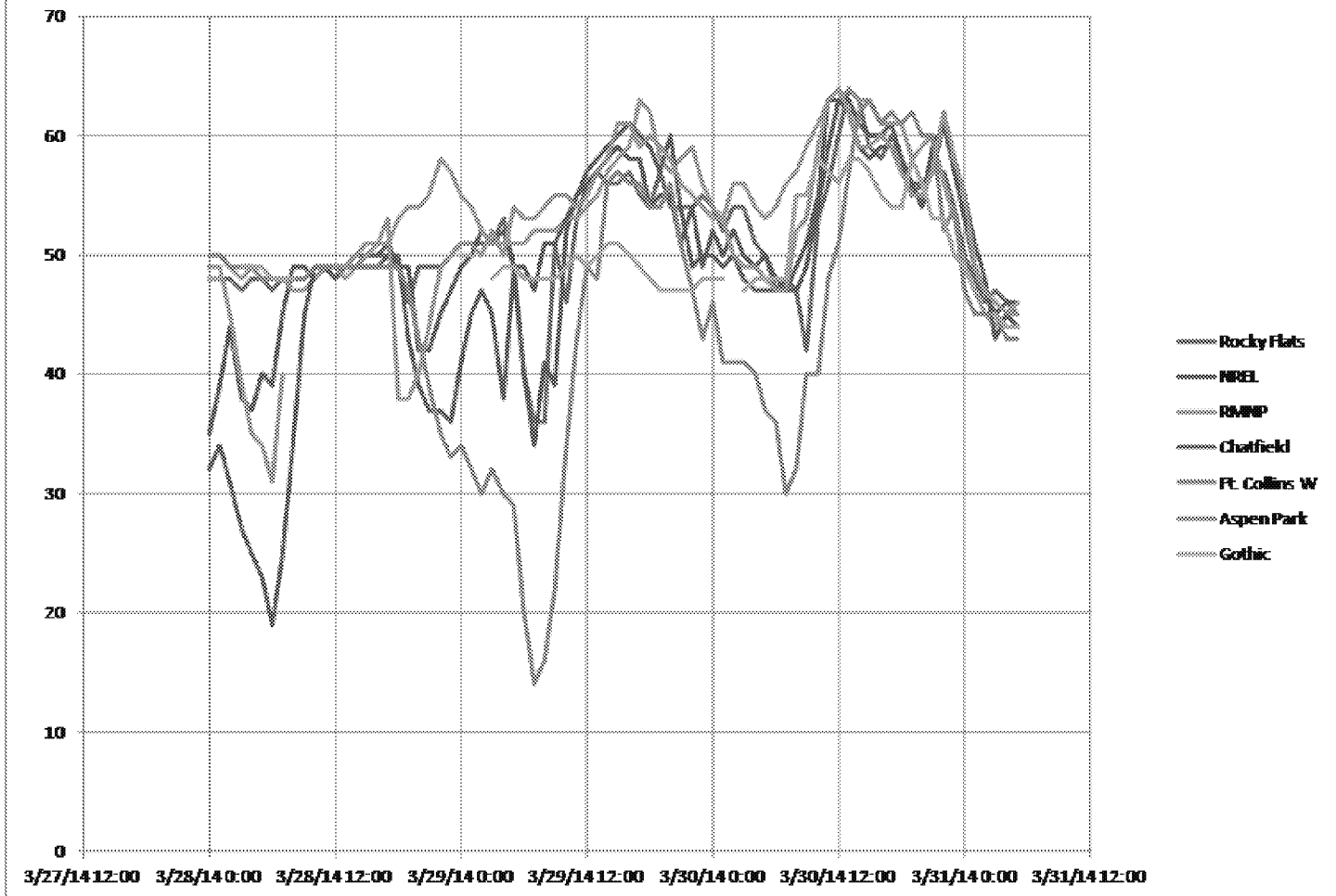
Richard Payton  
EPA Region 8 Air Quality Monitoring  
(303) 312-6439

---

**From:** Payton, Richard  
**Sent:** Monday, March 31, 2014 8:04 AM  
**To:** 'Reddy - CDPHE, Patrick'; Andrew Langford-NOAA Federal; Tonnesen, Gail; Brad Pierce; pfister@ucar.edu; Chuck.Machovec@state.co.us; Briggs, Kevin; emmett.malone@state.co.us; Scott Landes - CDPHE; Pierce', 'GORDON; gregory.harshfield@state.co.us  
**Cc:** Matichuk, Rebecca; Jackson, Scott; Rothery, Deirdre  
**Subject:** RE: Front Range stratospheric intrusion Sunday night

Rocky Mountain NP had an 8-hour average of 62 ppb yesterday; Fort Collins West, 61 ppb, Aspen Park and NREL in Jefferson County and Chatfield in Douglas County had 60 ppb. Gothic had 56 ppb. I did not see any trajectories form relatively high upwind 516 mb points come down below 750 mb on the IDEA-I analysis. NREL, RMNP, Chatfield and Aspen Park all had a secondary peak, 1-hour at 60-62 ppb, at 9:00-11:00 PM.

### Colorado High Concentration O3 Monitors, March 28-31, 2014



**From:** Reddy - CDPHE, Patrick [<mailto:patrick.reddy@state.co.us>]

**Sent:** Sunday, March 30, 2014 9:58 AM

**To:** Andrew Langford-NOAA Federal; Tonnesen, Gail; Brad Pierce; [pfister@ucar.edu](mailto:pfister@ucar.edu); [Chuck.Machovec@state.co.us](mailto:Chuck.Machovec@state.co.us); Briggs, Kevin; [emmett.malone@state.co.us](mailto:emmett.malone@state.co.us); Scott Landes - CDPHE; Pierce', 'GORDON'; [gregory.harshfield@state.co.us](mailto:gregory.harshfield@state.co.us); Payton, Richard

**Subject:** Front Range stratospheric intrusion Sunday night

I don't have access to my normal tools for forecasting these events this morning. The UCAR IDV tool data stream is offline for some reason. Also the IDEA intrusion tool is hampered by extensive cloud cover over the West, so it really can't pick up 500 mb O3 over most of this region. We will have a classic open trough move across Colorado today with a strong vort max passing by the Front Range around midnight tonight. This should cause at least moderate concentrations at RMNP, Gothic, many foothills sites, some plains locations and also area within the southern half of Wyoming. Blowing dust and strong winds are also likely this afternoon in many areas of Colorado, Arizona, Utah, and New Mexico.

Pat

--

Patrick J. Reddy

Senior Air Quality Meteorologist

Modeling, Meteorology, and Emissions Inventory Unit

Technical Services Program

Air Pollution Control Division

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

APCD-TS-BI

4300 Cherry Creek Drive South

Denver, CO 80246-1530

303-692-3239 | [patrick.reddy@state.co.us](mailto:patrick.reddy@state.co.us)

